FlexRay[®] Transceiver, Clamp 30

NCV7381 is a single-channel FlexRay bus driver compliant with the FlexRay Electrical Physical Layer Specification Rev. 3.0.1, capable of communicating at speeds of up to 10 Mbit/s. It provides differential transmit and receive capability between a wired FlexRay communication medium on one side and a protocol controller and a host on the other side.

NCV7381 mode control functionality is optimized for nodes permanently connected to car battery.

It offers excellent EMC and ESD performance.

KEY FEATURES General

Compliant with FlexRay Electrical Physical Layer Specification Pay 3 0 1

- FlexRay Transmitter and Receiver in Normal–power Modes for Communication up to 10 Mbit/s
- Support of 60 ns Bit Time
- FlexRay Low-power Mode Receiver for Remote Wakeup Detection
- Excellent Electromagnetic Susceptibility (EMS) Level over Full Frequency Range. Very Low Electromagnetic Emissions (EME)
- Bus Pins Protected against >10 kV System ESD Pulses
- Safe Behavior under Missing Supply or No Supply Conditions
- Interface Pins for a Protocol Controller and a Host (TxD, RxD, TxEN, RxEN, STBN, BGE, EN, ERRN)
- INH Output for Control of External Regulators
- Local Wakeup Pin WAKE
- TxEN Time-out
- BGE Feedback
- Supply Pins V_{BAT}, V_{CC}, V_{IO} with Independent Voltage Ramp Up:
 - V_{BAT} Supply Parametrical Range from 5.5 V to 50 V
 - V_{CC} Supply Parametrical Range from 4.75 V to 5.25 V
 - V_{IO} Supply Parametrical Range from 2.3 V to 5.25 V
- Compatible with 14 V and 28 V Systems
- Operating Ambient Temperature –40°C to +125°C (T_{AMB Class1})
- Junction Temperature Monitoring with Two Levels
- SSOP-16 Package
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

FlexRay Functional Classes

- Bus Driver Voltage Regulator Control
- Bus Driver Bus Guardian Interface
- Bus Driver Logic Level Adaptation
- Bus Driver Remote Wakeup



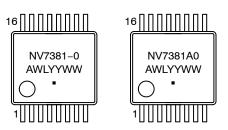
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SSOP-16 DP SUFFIX CASE 565AE

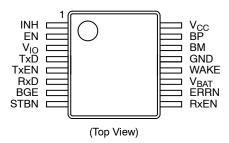
MARKING DIAGRAM



A = Assembly Location WL = Wafer Lot

YYWW = Year / Work Week
= Pb-Free Package

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 21 of this data sheet.

Quality

 NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable

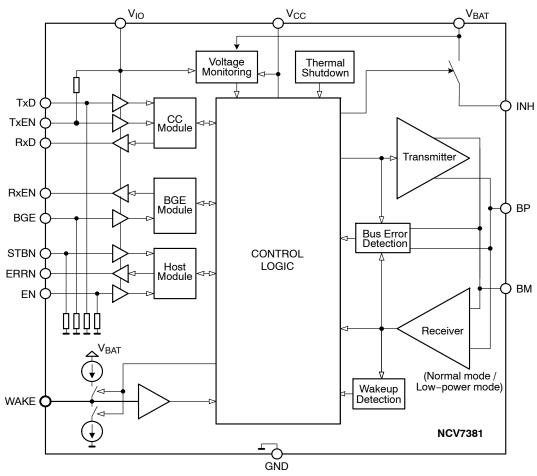


Figure 1. Block Diagram

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Type	Pin Function
Number			
1	INH	high-voltage analog output	External regulator control output
2	EN	digital input	Mode control input; internal pull-down resistor
3	V _{IO}	supply	Supply voltage for digital pins level adaptation
4	TxD	digital input	Data to be transmitted; internal pull-down resistor
5	TxEN	digital input	Transmitter enable input; when High transmitter disabled; internal pull-up resistor
6	RxD	digital output	Receive data output
7	BGE	digital input	Bus guardian enable input; when Low transmitter disabled; internal pull-down resistor
8	STBN	digital input	Mode control input; internal pull-down resistor
9	RxEN	digital output	Bus activity detection output; when Low bus activity detected
10	ERRN	digital output	Error diagnosis and status output
11	V _{BAT}	supply	Battery supply voltage
12	WAKE	high-voltage analog input	Local wake up input; internal pull up or pull down (depends on voltage at pin WAKE)
13	GND	ground	Ground connection
14	BM	high-voltage analog input/output	Bus line minus
15	BP	high-voltage analog input/output	Bus line plus
16	V _{CC}	supply	Bus driver core supply voltage; 5 V nominal

APPLICATION INFORMATION

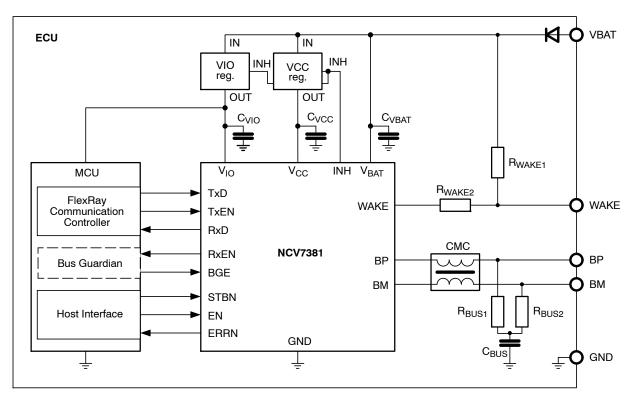


Figure 2. Application Diagram

Table 2. RECOMMENDED EXTERNAL COMPONENTS FOR THE APPLICATION DIAGRAM

Component	Function	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
C _{VBAT}	Decoupling capacitor on battery line, ceramic		100		nF
C _{VCC}	Decoupling capacitor on V _{CC} supply line, ceramic		100		nF
C _{VIO}	Decoupling capacitor on V _{IO} supply line, ceramic		100		nF
R _{WAKE1}	Pull-up resistor on WAKE pin		33		kΩ
R _{WAKE2}	Serial protection resistor on WAKE pin		3.3		kΩ
R _{BUS1}	Bus termination resistor (Note 1)		47.5		Ω
R _{BUS2}	Bus termination resistor (Note 1)		47.5		Ω
C _{BUS}	Common-mode stabilizing capacitor, ceramic (Note 2)		4.7		nF
CMC	Common-mode choke		100		μН

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

- 1. Tolerance ±1%, type 0805
- 2. Tolerance $\pm 20\%$, type 0805

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Operating Modes

NCV7381 can switch between several operating modes depicted in Figure 3. In Normal and Receive-only modes, the chip interconnects a FlexRay communication controller with the bus medium for full-speed communication. These two modes are also referred to as normal-power modes.

In Standby and Sleep modes, the communication is suspended and the power consumption is substantially reduced. A wakeup on the bus or through a locally monitored signal on pin WAKE can be detected and signaled to the host. Go-to-sleep mode is a temporary mode ensuring

correct transition between any mode and the Sleep mode. All three modes – Standby, Sleep and Go–to–sleep – are referred to as low–power modes.

The operating mode selected is a function of the host signals STBN and EN, the state of the supply voltages and the wakeup detection. As long as all three supplies (V_{BAT} , V_{CC} , V_{IO}) remain above their respective under–voltage detection levels, the logical control by EN and STBN pins shown in Figure 3 applies. Influence of the power–supplies and of the wakeup detection on the operating modes is described in subsequent paragraphs.

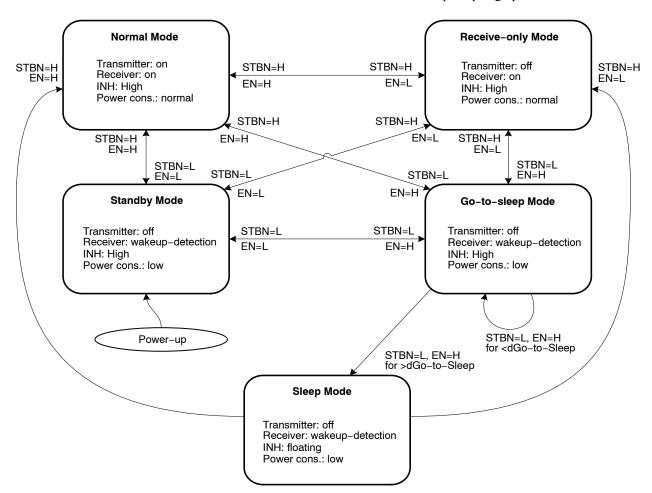


Figure 3. Operating Modes and their Control by the STBN and EN Pins

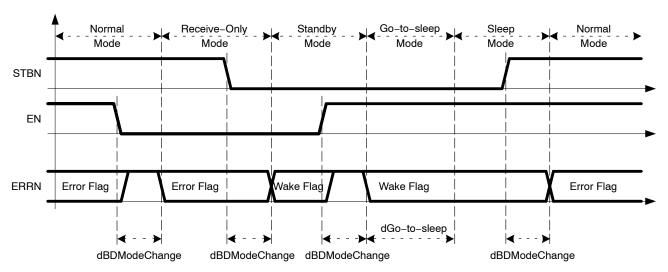


Figure 4. Timing Diagram of Operating Modes Control by the STBN and EN Pins

Power Supplies and Power Supply Monitoring

NCV7381 is supplied by three pins. V_{BAT} is the main supply both for NCV7381 and the full electronic module. V_{BAT} will be typically connected to the automobile battery through a reverse–polarity protection. V_{CC} is a 5 V low–voltage supply primarily powering the FlexRay bus driver core in a normal–power mode. V_{IO} supply serves to adapt the logical levels of NCV7381 to the host and/or the FlexRay communication controller digital signal levels. All supplies should be properly decoupled by filtering capacitors – see Figure 2 and Table 2.

All three supplies are monitored by under-voltage detectors with individual thresholds and filtering times both for under-voltage detection and recovery – see Table 18.

Logic Level Adaptation

Level shift input V_{IO} is used to apply a reference voltage uV_{DIG} = uV_{IO} to all digital inputs and outputs in order to adapt the logical levels of NCV7381 to the host and/or the FlexRay communication controller digital signal levels

Internal Flags

The NCV7381 control logic uses a number of internal flags (i.e. one-bit memories) reflecting important conditions or events. Table 3 summarizes the individual flags and the conditions that lead to a set or reset of the flags.

Table 3. INTERNAL FLAGS

Flag	Set Condition	Reset Condition	Comment
Local Wakeup	Low level detected on WAKE pin in a low- power mode	Low-power mode is entered	
Remote Wakeup	Remote wakeup detected on the bus in a low-power mode	Low-power mode is entered	
Wakeup	Local Wakeup flag changes to set or Remote Wakeup flag changes to set	Normal mode is entered or Low-power mode is entered or Any under-voltage flag becomes set	
Power-on	Internal power supply of the chip becomes sufficient for the operation of the control logic	Normal mode is entered	
Thermal Warning	Junction temperature is higher than <i>Tjw</i> (typ. 140°C) in a normal–power mode and V _{BAT} is not in under–voltage	(Junction temperature is below <i>Tjw</i> in a normal-power mode or the status register is read in a low-power mode) and V _{BAT} is not in under-voltage	The thermal warning flag has no influence on the bus driver function
Thermal Shutdown	Junction temperature is higher than <i>Tjsd</i> (typ. 165°C) in a normal-power mode and V _{BAT} is not in under-voltage	Junction temperature is below <i>Tjsd</i> in a normal-power mode and falling edge on TxEN and V _{BAT} is not in under-voltage	The transmitter is disabled as long as the thermal shut- down flag is set
TxEN Timeout	TxEN is Low for longer than dBDTxActiveMax (typ. 1.5 ms) and bus driver is in Normal mode	TxEN is High or Normal mode is left	The transmitter is disabled as long as the timeout flag is set
Bus Error	Transmitter is enabled and Data on bus are different from TxD signal (sampled after each TXD edge)	(Transmitter is enabled and Data on bus are identical to TxD signal) or Transmitter is disabled	The bus error flag has no influence on the bus driver func- tion
V _{BAT} Under- voltage	V_{BAT} is below the under–voltage threshold for longer than dBDUVV $_{BAT}$	V _{BAT} is above the under-voltage threshold for longer than dBDRV _{BAT} or Wake flag becomes set	
V _{CC} Under- voltage	V_{CC} is below the under–voltage threshold for longer than \mbox{dBDUVV}_{CC}	V_{CC} is above the under–voltage threshold for longer than dBDRV $_{CC}$ or Wake flag becomes set	
V _{IO} Under- voltage	$\rm V_{IO}$ is below the under–voltage threshold for longer than $\rm dUV_{IO}$	${ m V}_{ m O}$ is above the under–voltage threshold for longer than ${ m dBDRV}_{ m O}$ or Wake flag becomes set	
Error	Any of the following status bits is set: Bus error Thermal Warning Thermal Shutdown TxEN Timeout VBAT Under-voltage VCC Under-voltage VIO Under-voltage	All of the following status bits are reset: Bus error Thermal Warning Thermal Shutdown TxEN Timeout V _{BAT} Under-voltage V _{CC} Under-voltage V _{IO} Under-voltage	

Operating Mode Changes Caused by Internal Flags

Changes of some internal flags described in Table 3 can force an operating mode transition complementing or overruling the operating mode control by the digital inputs STBN and EN which is shown in Figure 3:

- Setting the V_{BAT} or V_{IO} under-voltage flag causes a transition to the Sleep mode
- Setting the V_{CC} under-voltage flag, while the bus driver is not in Sleep, causes a transition to the Standby mode
- Reset of the Under-voltage flag (i.e. recovery from under-voltage) re-enables the control of the chip by digital inputs STBN and EN.
- Setting of the Wake flag causes the reset of all under-voltage flags and the NCV7381 transitions to the Standby mode. The reset of the under-voltage flags allows the external power supplies to stabilize properly if, for example, they were previously switched off during Sleep mode.

FlexRay Bus Driver

NCV7381 contains a fully-featured FlexRay bus driver compliant with Electrical Physical Layer Specification Rev. 3.0.1. The transmitter part translates logical signals on digital inputs TxEN, BGE and TxD into appropriate bus levels on pins BP and BM. A transmission cannot be started with Data_1. In case the transmitter is enabled for longer than dBDTxActiveMax, the TxEN Timeout flag is set and the current transmission is disabled. The receiver part monitors bus pins BP and BM and signals the detected levels on digital outputs RxD and RxEN. The different bus levels are defined in Figure 5. The function of the bus driver and the related digital pins in different operating modes is detailed in Table 4 and Table 5.

- The transmitter can only be enabled if the activation of the transmitter is initiated in Normal mode.
- The receiver function is enabled by entering a normal-power mode.

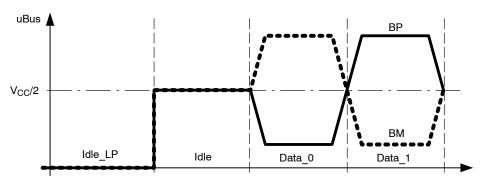


Figure 5. FlexRay Bus Signals

Table 4. TRANSMITTER FUNCTION AND TRANSMITTER-RELATED PINS

Operating Mode	BGE	TxEN	TxD	Transmitted Bus Signal
Standby, Go-to-sleep, Sleep	х	х	х	ldle_LP
Receive-only	х	х	х	Idle
Normal	0	х	х	Idle
	1	1	х	Idle
	1	0	0	Data_0
	1	0	1	Data_1

Table 5. RECEIVER FUNCTION AND RECEIVER-RELATED PINS

Operating Mode	Signal on Bus	Wake flag	RxD	RxEN
Standby, Go-to-sleep, Sleep	Х	not set	High	High
	Х	set	Low	Low
Normal,	Idle	х	High	High
Receive-only	Data_0	х	Low	Low
	Data_1	х	High	Low

Bus Guardian Interface

The interface consists of the BGE digital input signal allowing a Bus Guardian unit to disable the transmitter and of the RxEN digital output signal used to signal whether the communication signal is Idle or not.

Bus Driver Voltage Regulator Control

NCV7381 provides a high–voltage output pin INH which can be used to control an external voltage regulator (see Figure 2). The pin INH is driven by a switch to V_{BAT} supply. In Normal, Receive–only, Standby and Go–to–Sleep modes, the switch is activated thus forcing a High level on pin INH. In the Sleep mode, the switch is open and INH pin remains floating. If a regulator is directly controlled by INH, it is then active in all operating modes with the exception of the Sleep mode.

Bus Driver Remote Wakeup Detection

During a low-power mode and under the presence of V_{BAT} voltage, a low-power receiver constantly monitors the activity on bus pins BP and BM. A valid remote wake-up is detected when either a wakeup pattern or a dedicated wakeup frame is received. A valid remote wake-up is also detected when wake-up pattern has been started in normal-power mode already.

A wakeup pattern is composed of two Data_0 symbols separated by Data_1 or Idle symbols. The basic wakeup pattern composed of Data_0 and Idle symbols is shown in Figure 6; the wakeup pattern composed of Data_0 and Data_1 symbols – referred to as "alternative wakeup pattern" – is depicted in Figure 7.

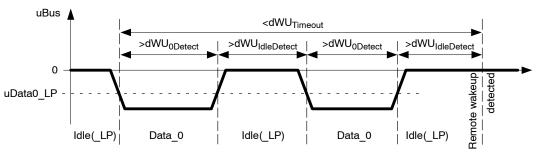


Figure 6. Valid Remote Wakeup Pattern

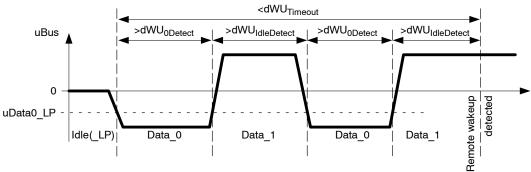


Figure 7. Valid Alternative Remote Wakeup Pattern

A remote wakeup will be also detected if NCV7381 receives a full FlexRay frame at 10 Mbit/s with the following payload data:

0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,

0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,

0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,

0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF, 0xFF

The wakeup pattern, the alternative wakeup pattern and the wakeup frame lead to identical wakeup treatment and signaling.

Local Wakeup Detection

The high-voltage input WAKE is monitored in low-power modes and under the condition of sufficient $V_{\rm BAT}$ supply level. If a falling edge is recognized on WAKE pin, a local wakeup is detected. In order to avoid false wakeups, the Low level after the falling edge must be longer than dWakePulseFilter in order for the wakeup to be valid. The WAKE pin can be used, for example, for switch or contact monitoring.

Internal pull-up and pull-down current sources are connected to WAKE pin in order to minimize the risk of parasitic toggling. The current source polarity is automatically selected based on the WAKE input signal polarity – when the voltage on WAKE stays stable High (Low) for longer than *dWakePulseFilter*, the internal current source is switched to pull-up (pull-down).

ERRN Pin and Status Register

Provided V_{IO} supply is present together with either V_{BAT} or V_{CC} , the digital output ERRN indicates the state of the internal "Error" flag when in Normal mode and the state of the internal "Wake" flag when in Standby, Go-to-Sleep or Sleep. In Receive-only mode ERRN indicates either the

state of the internal "Error" or the wakeup source (See Table 6).

The polarity of the indication is reversed – ERRN pin is pulled Low when the "Error" flag is set. The signaling on pin ERRN functions in all operating modes.

Table 6. SIGNALING ON ERRN PIN

STBN	EN	Conditions	Error flag	Wake flag	ERRN
High	High	-	not set	х	High
			set	x	Low
High	Low	EN has been set to High after previous wakeup	not set	х	High
			set	х	Low
		EN has not been set to High after previous wakeup	х	Set local	High
			х	Set remote	Low
Low	х	-	х	not set	High
			х	set	Low

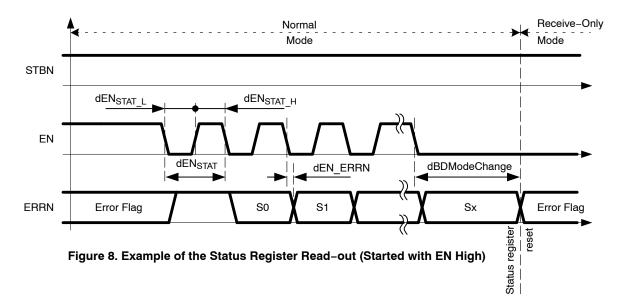
Additionally, a full set of internal bits referred to as status register can be read through ERRN pin with EN pin used as a clock signal – the status register content is described in Table 7 while an example of the read–out waveforms is shown in Figure 8 and Figure 9. The individual status bits are channeled to ERRN pin with reversed polarity (if a status bit is set, ERRN is pulled Low) at the falling edge on EN pin (the status register starts to be shifted only at the second falling edge). As long as the EN pin toggling period falls in the dEN_{STAT} range, the operating mode is not changed and the

read—out continues. As soon as the EN level is stable for more than *dBDModeChange*, the read—out is considered as finished and the operating mode is changed according the current EN value. At the same time, the status register bits S4 to S10 are reset provided the particular bits have been read—out and the corresponding flags are not set any more—see Table 7. The status register read—out always starts with bit S0 and the exact number of bits shifted to ERRN during the read—out is not relevant.

Table 7. STATUS REGISTER

Bit Number	Status Bit Content	Note	Reset after Finished Read-out
S0	Local wakeup flag	reflects directly the corresponding flag	no
S1	Remote wakeup flag		
S2	not used; always High		no
S3	Power-on status	the status bit is set if the corresponding flag	yes, if the
S4	Bus error status	was set previously (the respective High level of the flag is latched in its status counter-part)	corresponding flag is reset and the bit was
S5	Thermal shutdown status		read-out
S6	Thermal warning status		
S7	TxEN Timeout status		
S8	V _{BAT} Under-voltage status		
S9	V _{CC} Under-voltage status		
S10	V _{IO} Under-voltage status		
S11	BGE Feedback	Normal mode: BGE pin logical state (Note 3) Other modes: Low	-
S12-S15	not used; always Low		no
S16-S23	Version of the NCV7381 analog part	fixed values identifying the production masks	no
S24-S31	Version of the NCV7381 digital part	version	

^{3.} The BGE pin state is latched during status register read-out at rising edge of the EN pin.



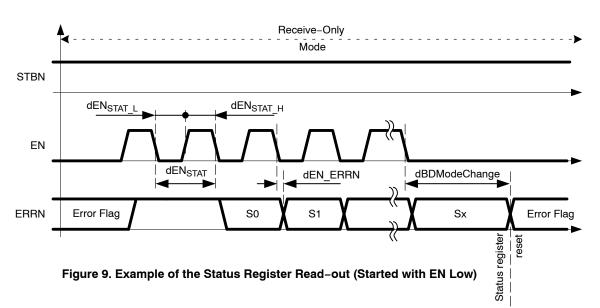


Table 8. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Units
uV _{BAT-MAX}	Battery voltage power supply		-0.3	50	V
uV _{CC-MAX}	5 V Supply voltage		-0.3	5.5	V
uV _{IO-MAX}	Supply voltage for V _{IO} voltage level adaptation		-0.3	5.5	V
uDigIn _{MAX}	DC voltage at digital inputs (BGE, EN, STBN, TXD, TX	(EN)	-0.3	5.5	V
uDigOut _{MAX}	DC voltage at digital outputs (ERRN, RxD, RxEN)		-0.3	V _{IO} +0.3	V
iDigOut _{IN-MAX}	Digital output pins input current (V _{IO} = 0 V)		-10	+10	mA
uBM _{MAX}	DC voltage at pin BM		-50	50	V
uBP _{MAX}	DC voltage at pin BP		-50	50	V
uINH _{MAX}	DC voltage at pin INH		-0.3	V _{BAT} +0.3	V
iINH _{MAX}	INH pin maximum load current		-10	-	mA
uWAKE _{MAX}	DC voltage at WAKE pin		-0.3	V _{BAT} +0.3	V
T _{J_MAX}	Junction temperature		-40	175	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		-55	150	°C
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level		2		-
uESD _{IEC}	System HBM on pins BP and BM (as per IEC 61000-4	-2; 150 pF / 330 Ω)	-10	+10	kV
uESD _{EXT}	Component HBM on pins BP, BM, V _{BAT} and WAKE (as per EIA–JESD22–A114–B; 100 pF / 1500 Ω)		-6	+6	kV
uESD _{INT}	Component HBM on all other pins (as per EIA–JESD22–A114–B; 100 pF / 1500 Ω)		-4	+4	kV
uV_{TRAN}	Voltage transients, pins BP, BM, VBAT and WAKE.	test pulses 1	-100	-	V
	According to ISO7637-2, Class C (Note 4)	test pulses 2a	-	+75	V
		test pulses 3a	-150	-	V
		test pulses 3b	-	+100	V
	Voltage transients, pin VBAT. According to ISO7637-2	test pulse 5 Load Dump	-	50	٧
	Overvoltage, pin VBAT, according to ISO16750-2	Jump Start	_	50	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Table 9. OPERATING RANGES

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
uV _{BAT-OP}	Battery voltage power supply (Note 5)	5.5	50	V
uV _{CC-OP}	Supply voltage 5 V	4.75	5.25	V
uV _{IO-OP}	Supply voltage for V _{IO} voltage level adaptation	2.3	5.25	V
uWAKE _{OP}	DC voltage at WAKE pin	0	V_{BAT}	V
uDiglO _{OP}	DC voltage at digital pins (EN, TXD, TXEN, RXD, RXEN, BGE, STBN, ERRN)	0	V _{IO}	V
uBM _{OP}	DC voltage at pin BM	-50	50	V
uBP _{OP}	DC voltage at pin BP	-50	50	V
ulNH _{OP}	DC voltage at pin INH	0	V_{BAT}	V
T _{AMB}	Ambient temperature (Note 6)	-40	125	°C
T _{J OP}	Junction temperature	-40	150	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

5. Full functionality is guaranteed from 5.1 V. See also parameter uBDUVV_{BAT}.

^{4.} Test is carried out according to setup in FlexRay Physical Layer EMC Measurement Specification, Version 3.0. This specification is referring to ISO7637. Test for higher voltages is planned.

^{6.} The specified range corresponds to T_{AMB_Class1}

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 10. PACKAGE THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Rating	Value	Unit
$R_{\theta JA_1}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Air, JEDEC 1S0P PCB	78	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA_2}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Air, JEDEC 2S2P PCB	69	°C/W

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The characteristics defined in this section are guaranteed within the operating ranges listed in Table 9, unless otherwise specified. Positive currents flow into the respective pin.

Table 11. CURRENT CONSUMPTION

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
iV _{BAT-NORM}	Current consumption from V _{BAT}	normal-power modes		0.65	1.25	mA
iV _{BAT-LP}		low-power modes; T _{AMB} =125°C			75	μΑ
		Sleep mode, $V_{IO} = V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{AMB} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			80	μΑ
		low–power modes, V_{IO} = V_{CC} = 0 V, V_{BAT} = 12 V, T_{J} < 85°C (Note 7)			55	μΑ
iV _{CC-NORM-IDLE}	Current consumption from V _{CC}	Normal mode – bus signals Idle			15	mA
iV _{CC-NORM-} ACTIVE		Normal mode – bus signals Data_0/1 $R_{BUS} = 40-55 \Omega$			37	mA
iV _{CC-REC}		Receive-only mode			15	mA
iV _{CC-LP}		low-power modes, T _J < 85°C (Note 7)			8	μΑ
iV _{IO-NORM}	Current consumption from V _{IO}	normal-power modes			1	mA
iV _{IO-LP}		low-power modes, T _J < 85°C (Note 7)			6	μΑ
iTot_LP	Total current consumption –	low-power modes; T _{AMB} = 125°C			95	μΑ
	Sum from all supply pins	Sleep mode, $V_{IO} = V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_{BAT} = 12 \text{ V}$, $T_{J} < 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 7)			65	μΑ
		Sleep mode, $V_{IO} = V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_{BAT} = 12 \text{ V}$, $T_{J} < 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Note 7)			55	μΑ

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

^{7.} Values based on design and characterization, not tested in production

Table 12. TRANSMISSION PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uBDTx _{active}	Differential voltage uBP-uBM when sending symbol "Data_0" or "Data_1"	R_{BUS} = 40–55 Ω; C_{BUS} = 100 pF	600		2000	mV
uBDTx _{Idle}	Differential voltage uBP-uBM when driving signal "Idle"	Parameters defined in Figure 10.	0		30	mV
dBDTx10	Transmitter delay, negative edge	Test setup as per			75	ns
dBDTx01	Transmitter delay, positive edge	Figure 17 with $R_{BUS} = 40 \Omega$;			75	ns
dBDTxAsym	Transmitter delay mismatch, dBDTx10-dBDTx01 (Note 8)	C _{BUS} = 100 pF Sum of TXD signal rise and fall time			4	ns
dBusTx10	Fall time of the differential bus voltage from 80% to 20%	(20%–80% V _{IO}) of up to 9 ns	6		18.75	ns
dBusTx01	Rise time of the differential bus voltage from 20% to 80%	Parameters defined in Figure 10.	6		18.75	ns
dBusTxDif	Differential bus voltage fall and rise time mismatch dBusTx10-dBusTx01	1.94.0 10.			3	ns
dBDTxia	Transmitter delay idle -> active	Test setup as per Figure 17 with R _{BUS} = 40 Ω;			75	ns
dBDTxai	Transmitter delay active -> idle				75	ns
dBDTxDM	Idle-active transmitter delay mismatch dBDTxia - dBDTxai	C _{BUS} = 100 pF			50	ns
dBusTxia	Transition time idle -> active	Parameters defined in Figure 11.			30	ns
dBusTxai	Transition time active -> idle				30	ns
$dTxEN_{LOW}$	Time span of bus activity		550		650	ns
dBDTxActiveMax	Maximum length of transmitter activation		650		2600	μs
iBP _{BMShortMax} iBM _{BPShortMax}	Absolute maximum output current when BP shorted to BM – no time limit	R _{ShortCircuit} ≤ 1 Ω			60	mA
iBP _{GNDShortMax} iBM _{GNDShortMax}	Absolute maximum output current when shorted to GND – no time limit	R _{ShortCircuit} ≤ 1 Ω			60	mA
iBP _{-5VShortMax} iBM _{-5VShortMax}	Absolute maximum output current when shorted to $V_{BAT} = -5 \ V$ – no time limit	R _{ShortCircuit} ≤ 1 Ω			60	mA
iBP _{BAT27} ShortMax iBM _{BAT27} ShortMax	Absolute maximum output current when shorted to $V_{BAT} = 27 \ V - \text{no time limit}$	R _{ShortCircuit} ≤ 1 Ω			60	mA
iBP _{BAT48} ShortMax iBM _{BAT48} ShortMax	Absolute maximum output current when shorted to $V_{BAT} = 48 \ V - \text{no time limit}$	R _{ShortCircuit} ≤ 1 Ω			72	mA
R _{BDTransmitter}	Bus interface equivalent output impedance (Bus driver simulation model parameter)		31	105	500	Ω

^{8.} Guaranteed for ±300 mV and ±150 mV level of uBus

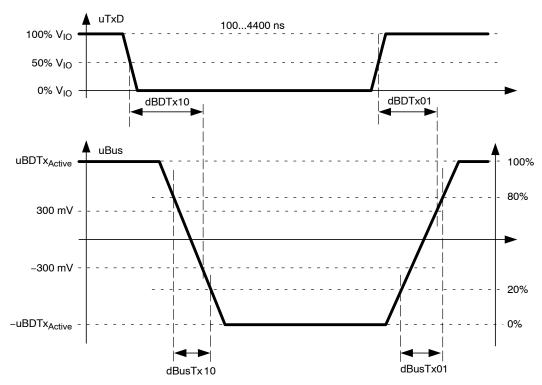


Figure 10. Transmission Parameters (TxEN is Low and BGE is High)

NOTE: TXD signal is constant for 100..4400 ns before the first edge.

All parameters values are valid even if the test is performed with opposite polarity.

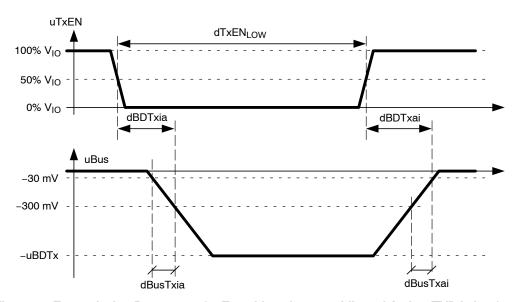


Figure 11. Transmission Parameters for Transitions between Idle and Active (TXD is Low)

Table 13. RECEPTION PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uData0	Receiver threshold for detecting Data_0	Activity detected	-300		-150	mV
uData1	Receiver threshold for detecting Data_1	previously. uBP-uBM ≤ 3 V	150		300	mV
uData1 - uData0	Mismatch of receiver thresholds	(uBP+uBM)/2 = 2.5 V	-30		30	mV
uData0_LP	Low power receiver threshold for detecting Data_0	uV _{BAT} ≥ 7 V	-400		-100	mV
uCM	Common mode voltage range (with respect to GND) that does not disturb the receiver function and reception level parameters	uBP = (uBP+uBM)/2 (Note 9)	-10		15	V
uBias	Bus bias voltage during bus state Idle in normal-power modes	R_{BUS} = 40–55 Ω ; C_{BUS} = 100 pF	1800	2500	3200	mV
	Bus bias voltage during bus state Idle in low-power modes	(Note 10)	-200	0	200	mV
R _{CM1} , R _{CM2}	Receiver common mode resistance	(Note 10)	10		40	kΩ
C_BP, C_BM	Input capacitance on BP and BM pin (Note 11)	f = 5 MHz			20	pF
C_Bus _{DIF}	Bus differential input capacitance (Note 11)	f = 5 MHz			5	pF
iBP _{LEAK} iBM _{LEAK}	Absolute leakage current when driver is off	uBP = uBM = 5 V All other pins = 0 V			25	μΑ
iBP _{LEAKG} ND iBM _{LEAKG} ND	Absolute leakage current, in case of loss of GND	uBP = uBM = 0 V All other pins = 16 V			1600	μΑ
uBusRx _{Data}	Test signal parameters for reception	Test signal and parameters defined in Figure 12 and	400		3000	mV
dBusRx0 _{BD}	of Data_0 and Data_1 symbols		60		4330	ns
dBusRx1 _{BD}		Figure 13.	60		4330	ns
dBusRx10		RxD pin loaded with			22.5	ns
dBusRx01		25 pF capacitor.			22.5	ns
dBDRx10	Receiver delay, negative edge (Note 12)				75	ns
dBDRx01	Receiver delay, positive edge (Note 12)				75	ns
dBDRxAsym	Receiver delay mismatch dBDRx10- dBDRx01 (Note 12)				5	ns
uBusRx	Test signal parameters for		400		3000	mV
dBusActive	bus activity detection		590		610	ns
dBusIdle			590		610	ns
dBusRxia			18		22	ns
dBusRxai			18		22	ns
dBDIdleDetection	Bus driver filter-time for idle detection		50		200	ns
dBDActivityDetection	Bus driver filter-time for activity detection		100		250	ns
dBDRxai	Bus driver idle reaction time		50		275	ns
dBDRxia	Bus driver activity reaction time		100		325	ns
dBDTxRxai	Idle-Loopdelay				325	ns

^{9.} Tested on a receiving bus driver. Sending bus driver has a ground offset voltage in the range of [-12.5 V to +12.5 V] and sends a 50/50 pattern.

10. Bus driver is connected to GND and uV_{CC} = 5 V and uV_{BAT} ≥ 7 V.

11. Values based on design and characterization, not tested in production.

12. Guaranteed for ±300 mV and ±150 mV level of uBus.

Table 14. REMOTE WAKEUP DETECTION PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
dWU _{0Detect}	Detection time for Wakeup Data_0 symbol		1		4	μs
dWU _{IdleDetect}	Detection time for Wakeup Idle/Data_1 symbol		1		4	μs
dWU _{Timeout}	Maximum accepted Wakeup pattern duration		48		140	μs
dWU _{Interrupt}	Acceptance timeout for interruptions	(Note 13)	0.13		1	μs
uV _{BAT-WAKE}	Minimum supply voltage V _{BAT} for remote wakeup events detection		-		5.5	V
dBDWakeup Reaction _{remote}	Reaction time after remote wakeup event		7		35	μs

^{13.} The minimum value is only guaranteed, when the phase that is interrupted was continuously present for at least 870 ns.

Table 15. TEMPERATURE MONITORING PARAMETERS

;	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Tjw	Thermal warning level		125	140	150	°C
	Tjsd	Thermal shut-down level		155	165	185	°C

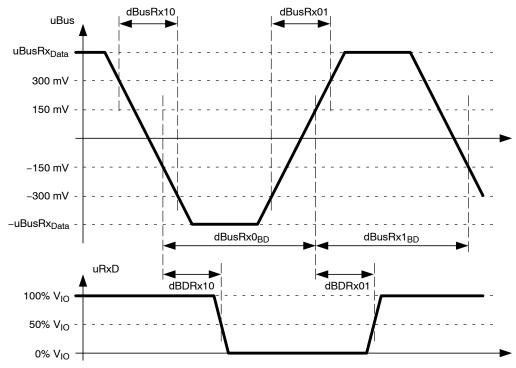


Figure 12. Reception Parameters

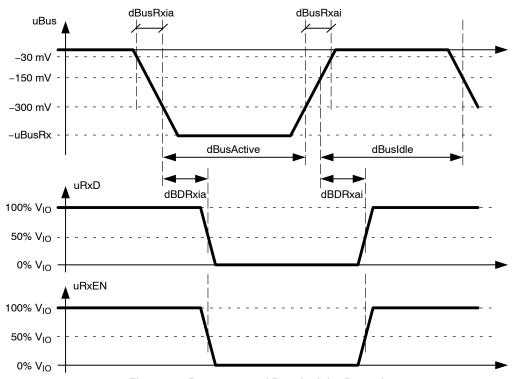


Figure 13. Parameters of Bus Activity Detection

Table 16. WAKE PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uV _{BAT-WAKE}	Minimum supply voltage V _{BAT} for local wakeup events detection				7	٧
uWAKE _{TH}	Threshold of wake comparator			V _{BAT} /2		V
dBDWakePulseFilter	Wake pulse filter time (spike rejection)		1		500	μs
dBDWakeup Reaction _{local}	Reaction time after local wakeup event		14		50	μs
iWAKE _{PD}	Internal pull-down current	uWAKE = 0 V for longer than dWakePulseFilter	3		11	μΑ
iWAKE _{PU}	Internal pull-up current	uWAKE = V _{BAT} for longer than dWakePulseFilter	-11		-3	μΑ

Table 17. INH PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uINH1 _{Not_Sleep}	Voltage on INH pin, when signaling Not_Sleep	iINH = -5 mA $uV_{BAT} > 5.5 \text{ V}$	uV _{BAT} – 0.6	uV _{BAT} -0.27	uV _{BAT} –0.1	V
iINH1 _{LEAK}	Leakage current while signaling Sleep		-5		5	μΑ

Table 18. POWER SUPPLY MONITORING PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uBDUVV _{BAT}	V _{BAT} under-voltage threshold		4		5.1	V
uBDUVV _{CC}	V _{CC} under-voltage threshold		4		4.5	V
uUV _{IO}	V _{IO} under-voltage threshold		2		2.3	V
uBDUVV _{BAT-WAKE}	V _{BAT} under-voltage threshold for correct detection of the local wakeup		5		7	V
uUV_HYST	Hysteresis of the under-voltage detectors		20	100	200	mV

Table 18. POWER SUPPLY MONITORING PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
dBDUVV _{CC}	V _{CC} Undervoltage detection time		150	350	750	ms
dBDUVV _{IO}	V _{IO} Undervoltage detection time		150	350	750	ms
dBDUVV _{BAT}	V _{BAT} Undervoltage detection time		350	750	1500	μs
dBDRV _{CC}	V _{CC} Undervoltage recovery time		1.5		4.5	ms
dBDRV _{IO}	V _{IO} Undervoltage recovery time				1	ms
dBDRV _{BAT}	V _{BAT} Undervoltage recovery time				1	ms

Table 19. HOST INTERFACE PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
dBDModeChange	EN and STBN level filtering time for operating mode transition		21		65	μs
dGo-to-Sleep	Go to Sleep mode timeout		14		33	μs
dReactionTime _{ERRN}	Reaction time on ERRN pin	Error detected			33	μs
		Wakeup detected or Mode changed			1	μs

Digital Input Signals

Table 20. DIGITAL INPUT SIGNALS VOLTAGE THRESHOLDS (Pins EN, STBN, BGE, TxEN)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$uV_{DIG-IN-LOW}$	Low level input voltage	$uV_{DIG} = uV_{IO}$	-0.3		0.3*V _{IO}	V
uV _{DIG-IN-HIGH}	High level input voltage		0.7*V _{IO}		5.5	V

Table 21. EN PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R _{PD} _EN	Pull-down resistance		50	110	200	kΩ
iEN _{IL}	Low level input current	uEN = 0 V	-1	0	1	μΑ
dEN _{STAT}	EN toggling period for status register read-out		2		20	μs
dEN _{STAT_L} , dEN _{STAT_H}	Duration of EN Low and High level for status register read-out		1			μs
dEN_ERRN	Delay from EN falling edge to ERRN showing valid signal during status register read-out				1	μs

Table 22. STBN PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R _{PD} _STBN	Pull-down resistance		50	110	200	kΩ
iSTBN _{IL}	Low level input current	uSTBN = 0 V	-1	0	1	μΑ

Table 23. BGE PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R _{PD} _BGE	Pull-down resistance		200	320	450	kΩ
iBGE _{IL}	Low level input current	uBGE = 0 V	-1	0	1	μΑ

Table 24. TxD PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uBDLogic_0	Low level input voltage		-0.3		0.4*V _{io}	V
uBDLogic_1	High level input voltage		0.6*V _{io}		5.5	V
R _{PD} _TxD	Pull-down resistance		5	11	20	kΩ
C_BDTxD	Input capacitance on TxD pin (Note 14)	f = 5 MHz			10	pF
iTxD _{LI}	Low level input current	uTXD = 0 V	-1	0	1	μΑ

^{14.} Values based on design and characterization, not tested in production

Table 25. TxEN PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R _{PU} _TxEN	Pull-up resistance		50	110	200	kΩ
iTxEN _{IH}	High level input current	uTXEN = V _{IO}	-1	0	1	μΑ
iTxEN _{LEAK}	Input leakage current	uTxEN = 5.25 V, V _{IO} = 0 V	-1	0	1	μΑ

Digital Output Signals

Table 26. DIGITAL OUTPUT SIGNALS VOLTAGE LIMITS (Pins RXD, RxEN and ERRN)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
uV _{DIG-OUT-LOW}	Low level output voltage	$ \begin{split} & \text{iRxD}_{\text{OL}} = 6 \text{ mA} \\ & \text{iRxEN}_{\text{OL}} = 5 \text{ mA} \\ & \text{iERRN}_{\text{OL}} = 0.7 \text{ mA} \\ & \text{(Note 15)} \end{split} $	0		0.2*V _{IO}	V
uV _{DIG-OUT-HIGH}	High level output voltage	$iRxD_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$ $iRxEN_{OH} = -5 \text{ mA}$ $iERRN_{OH} = -0.7 \text{ mA}$ (Note 15)	0.8*V _{IO}		V _{IO}	V
uV _{DIG-OUT-UV}	Output voltage on a digital output when V _{IO} in undervoltage	R_{LOAD} = 100 k Ω to GND, Either V_{CC} or V_{BAT} supplied			500	mV
uV _{DIG-OUT-} OFF	Output voltage on a digital output when unsupplied	R _{LOAD} = 100 kΩ to GND			500	mV

^{15.} uVDIG = uVIO. No undervoltage on VIO and either VCC or VBAT supplied.

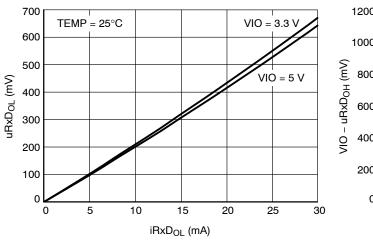
Table 27. RxD PIN PARAMETERS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
dBDRxD _{R15}	RXD signal rise time (20%-80% V _{IO})	RxD pin loaded with			6.5	ns
dBDRxD _{F15}	RXD signal fall time (20%-80% V _{IO})	15 pF capacitor (Note 16)			6.5	ns
dBDRxD _{R15} + dBDRxD _{F15}	Sum of rise and fall time (20%–80% V _{IO})	, ,			13	ns
dBDRxD _{R15} - dBDRxD _{F15}	Difference of rise and fall time				5	ns
dBDRxD _{R25}	RXD signal rise time (20%-80% V _{IO})	RxD pin loaded with			8.5	ns
dBDRxD _{F25}	RXD signal fall time (20%-80% V _{IO})	25 pF capacitor			8.5	ns
dBDRxD _{R25} + dBDRxD _{F25}	Sum of rise and fall time (20%–80% V _{IO})				16.5	ns
dBDRxD _{R25} – dBDRxD _{F25}	Difference of rise and fall time				5	ns
dBDRxD _{R25_10} + dBDRxD _{F25_10}	RXD signal sum of rise and fall time at TP4_CC (20%–80% V _{IO})	RxD pin loaded with 25 pF capacitor plus 10 pF at the end of a 50 Ω, 1 ns			16.5	ns
dBDRxD _{R25_10} - dBDRxD _{F25_10}	RXD signal difference of rise and fall time at TP4_CC (20%–80% V _{IO})	microstripline (Note 17)			5	ns

^{16.} Values based on design and characterization, not tested in production

^{17.} Simulation result. Simulation performed within T_J OP range, according to FlexRay Electrical Physical Layer Specification, Version 3.0.1

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



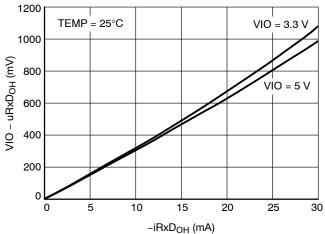


Figure 14. RxD Low Output Characteristic

Figure 15. RxD High Output Characteristic

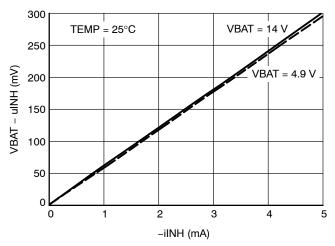


Figure 16. INH Not_Sleep Output Characteristic

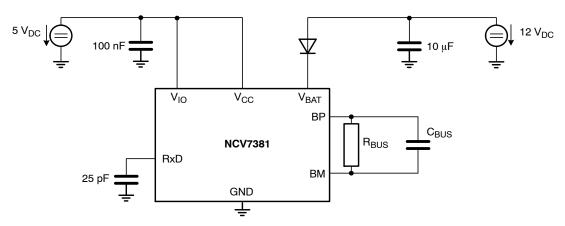


Figure 17. Test Setup for Dynamic Characteristics

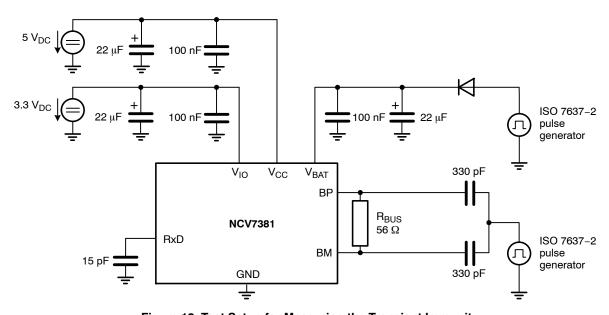


Figure 18. Test Setup for Measuring the Transient Immunity

ORDERING INFORMATION

		Temperature		Conta	iner [†]
Part Number	Description	Range	Package	Туре	Quantity
NCV7381DP0G	Clamp 30 FlexRay	-40°C to +125°C	SSOP 16 GREEN	Tube	76
NCV7381DP0R2G	Transceiver			Tape & Reel	2000
NCV7381ADP0R2G				Tape & Reel	2000

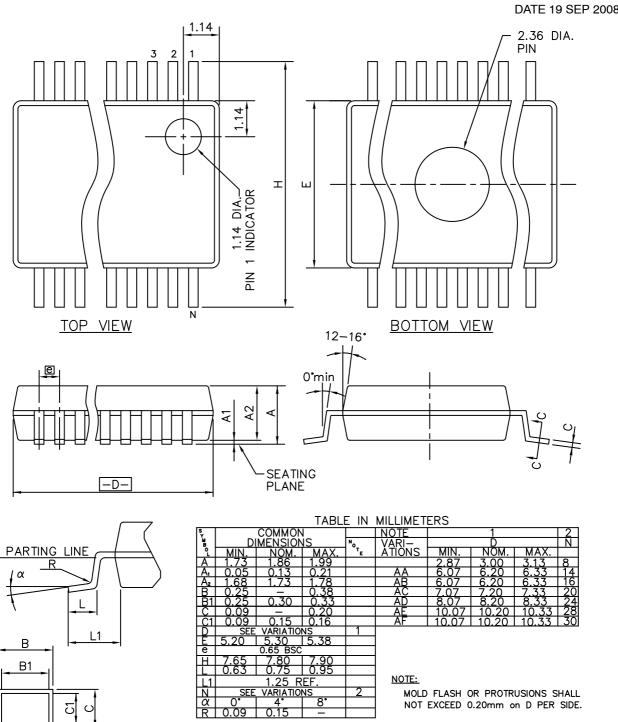
[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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SECTION C-C

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